Social Behaviour of people : (Excel)

Displined vs selfish approach; harmony/ cohesion vs disintegrated approach; Intelligent vs foolish approach; satisfied vs agitated

	D&S	H&D	I&F	S&A	Government score
What is heterogeneity index of society	High=(-)150; Low=(+)100	High=(-)150; Low=(+)100		High=(-)150; Low=(+)100	
Number of public agitations against government originated from society					Yes(-)150
Number of public agitations against government working motivated by political parties or social leaders/ organizations		Yes=(-)150; No=100		Yes=(-)150; No=(+)100	
Number of cases to confront government against government working motivated by political parties or social leaders/ organizations, unrest groups		Yes=(-)150; No=100		Yes=(-)150; No=(+)100	
Government has a system installed for making the betterments and improvements publishing on public domain regarding crimes, road accidents, agitations, loss from agitations in a period successively not exceeding 4 months.				Yes=200; No=(-)250 each attribute	
Government has a system installed for making the betterments and improvements publishing on public domain regarding social evils, society's IQ level, government's IQ level, homogeniety, civic equality in a period successively not exceeding 6 months.				Yes=200; No=(-)250 each attribute	
Government has a transparent system of feedback from public regarding their claims of improvements		Yes=200; No=(-)250 each attribute		Yes=200; No=(-)250 each attribute	
Government has a 1.system of validation by expert's panel representing policy making 2.implementation, 3.constructing DAVM parameters for verification, and 4.confirm on public domain with report.		Yes=200; No=(-)250 each attribute	Yes=200; No=(-)250 each attribute	Yes=200; No=(-)250 each attribute	
Unevenness of basic amenities to different areas identifiable in terms of areas				Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200
Causes of unevenness elabrated by government for different areas				Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200
Unevenness of basic amenities to different areas identifiable in terms of people				Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200
Causes of unevenness elabrated by government for different group of people, especially to see equality					
Number of public rallies					
Total man hour lost in a year in public rallies- % of 20% of population*365*24	<2%=0; 2-5%=(-)100 each % more; >5%=(-)300+(-)150 each %	<2%=0; 2-5%=(-)100 each % more; >5%=(-)300+(-)150 each %	<2%=0; 2-5%=(-)100 each % more; >5%=(-)300+(-)150 each %	<2%=0; 2-5%=(-)100 each % more; >5%=(-)300+(-)150 each % more	<2%=0; 2-5%=(-)100 each % more; >5%=(-)300+(-)150 each % more
Manhour lost in public rallies organized by political party running government	<1%=0; 1-2%=(-)100 each % more; >2%=(-)300+(-)150 each % more	<1%=0; 1-2%=(-)100 each % more; >2%=(-)300+(-)150 each % more	<1%=0; 1-2%=(-)100 each % more; >2%=(-)300+(-)150 each % more	<1%=0; 1-2%=(-)100 each % more; >2%=(-)300+(-)150 each % more	<1%=0; 1-2%=(-)100 each % more; >2%=(-)300+(-)150 each % more
Manhour lost in Public rallies organized by political party not running government but next aspirant	<2%=0; 2-5%=(-)100 each % more; >5%=(-)300+(-)150 each % more	<2%=0; 2-5%=(-)100 each % more; >5%=(-)300+(-)150 each % more	<2%=0; 2-5%=(-)100 each % more; >5%=(-)300+(-)150 each % more	<2%=0; 2-5%=(-)100 each % more; >5%=(-)300+(-)150 each % more	<2%=0; 2-5%=(-)100 each % more; >5%=(-)300+(-)150 each % more
Manhour lost in Public rallies organized by organization, 2,2 to 5 > 5					
Public rallies violent(Number of) causing loss to property- number of rallies x rupee	(-)150 each million rupee	(-)150 each million rupee	(-)150 each million rupee	(-)150 each million rupee	(-)150 each million rupee
Manhour lost in Public rallies violent(Number of) causing loss of human life- number of pople died	(-)250 each person died	(-)250 each person died	(-)250 each person died	(-)250 each person died	(-)250 each person died
%of area of the country where such public rallies occurred during one year at any time	>20%=(-)50 each % more; 10-20%=(-)30 each % more than 10; 0-9%=(-)300-(-)30 each % less	>20%=(-)50 each % more; 10-20%=(-)30 each % more than 10; 0-9%=(-)300-(-)30 each % less	>20%=(-)50 each % more; 10-20%=(-)30 each % more than 10; 0-9%=(-)300-(-)30 each % less	>20%=(-)50 each % more; 10-20%=(-)30 each % more than 10; 0-9%=(-)300-(-)30 each % less	>20%=(-)50 each % more; 10-20%=(-)30 each % more than 10; 0-9%=(-)300-(-)30 each % less

%of area of the country where such public rallies organized by party holding government occurred during one year at any time	>10%=(-)50 each % more; 5-10%=(-)30 each % more than 10; 0-5%=(-)300-(-)30 each % less	>10%=(-)50 each % more; 5-10%=(-)30 each % more than 10; 0-5%=(-)300-(-)30 each % less	>10%=(-)50 each % more; 5-10%=(-)30 each % more than 10; 0-5%=(-)300-(-)30 each % less	>10%=(-)50 each % more; 5-10%=(-)30 each % more than 10; 0-5%=(-)300-(-)30 each % less	>10%=(-)50 each % more; 5-10%=(-)30 each % more than 10; 0-5%=(-)300-(-)30 each % less
%of area of the country where such public rallies occurred during one year at any time causing loss of life	>10%=(-)100 each % more; 2-10%=(-)50 each % more than 10; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less	>10%=(-)100 each % more; 2-10%=(-)50 each % more than 10; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less	>10%=(-)100 each % more; 2-10%=(-)50 each % more than 10; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less	>10%=(-)100 each % more; 2-10%=(-)50 each % more than 10; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less	>10%=(-)100 each % more; 2-10%=(-)50 each % more than 10; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less
%of area of the country where such public rallies occurred during one year at any time causing loss of life organized by party holding government	>5%=(-)100 each % more; 2-5%=(-)50 each % more than 5; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less	>5%=(-)100 each % more; 2-5%=(-)50 each % more than 5; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less	>5%=(-)100 each % more; 2-5%=(-)50 each % more than 5; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less	>5%=(-)100 each % more; 2-5%=(-)50 each % more than 5; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less	>5%=(-)100 each % more; 2-5%=(-)50 each % more than 5; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less
%of area of the country where such public rallies occurred during one year at any time causing loss of life organized by other party than holding government	>10%=(-)100 each % more; 2-10%=(-)50 each % more than 10; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less	>10%=(-)100 each % more; 2-10%=(-)50 each % more than 10; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less	>10%=(-)100 each % more; 2-10%=(-)50 each % more than 10; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less	>10%=(-)100 each % more; 2-10%=(-)50 each % more than 10; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less	>10%=(-)100 each % more; 2-10%=(-)50 each % more than 10; 0-2%=(-)60-(-)30 each % less
Number of public protests against government and public services					
Number of public protests against government people					
Number of public protests against government rules					
Do people overtake vehicle in smooth traffic run					
(1) Select a road with timing that there is traffic density of one vehicle per 10x3meter. Monitor for one hour	Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200
(2) Select most congested road with very slow traffic	Yes=(-)200; No=200		Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200	
Do the people honk for overtaking	Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200
Do the people honk when the traffic is standstill	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200
Do the people enter in to altercation on road movement	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	
Do people uses mild abusive language in personal conversation	Yes=(-)200; No=200		Yes=(-)200; No=200		
Do people uses mild abusive language in public conversation	Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200	Yes=(-)200; No=200
Do people uses abusive language in public	Yes=(-)400; No=200	Yes=(-)400; No=200	Yes=(-)400; No=200	Yes=(-)400; No=200	Yes=(-)400; No=200
Do the people not follow basis road rules					
1 moving in lane	Yes=(-)150; No=150		Yes=(-)150; No=150		Yes=(-)150; No=150
2 wearing helmet	Yes=(-)150; No=150		Yes=(-)150; No=150		
3 not driving if no license	Yes=(-)200; No=200		Yes=(-)200; No=200		
4 minors driving vehicle	Yes=(-)250; No=200		Yes=(-)250; No=200		
Are minor road accident cases decided by police within one hour	Yes=200; No=(-)200			Yes=200; No=(-)200	Yes=200; No=(-)200
Are variation of road vehicle drivers in driving vast in terms of education>2% of population in a category and more than 20% difference	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200		Yes=(-)250; No=200
Are variation of road vehicle drivers in driving vast in terms of social status>2% of population in a category and more than 20% difference	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	
Are variation of road vehicle drivers in driving vast in terms of economic status>2% of population in a category and more than 20% difference	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200

	Average education level of drivers of non-engine commercial or carted vehicles plying on same road with motor vehicles	<10th class=(-)200;	<10th class=(-)200;	<10th class=(-)200;	<10th class=(-)200;	<10th class=(-)200;
	Number of vehicles medium commercial on road with any one of these (observe at 10 most congested roads for 2hrs daily for one week); <5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more					
1	dents and scratches on body	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more
2	lights damaged	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more				<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more
3	body corroded	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more		<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more
4	paint shabby	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more		<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more
5	does not properly locked	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more		<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more
6	window glasses broken or not available	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more		<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more
7	driver in dirty unprofessional gesture	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more		<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more
8	dirty dress	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more		<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more
9	overtaking & zigzag driving	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more	<5%=250; 5-15%=(-)15 each % more; >15%=(-)200+(-)20 each % more
	Are there cases of light crimes, snatching gold ornaments, valuables, purse , cash currency (any) from people in public specially from ladies.	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200		Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200
	Are cases of above light crimes increasing or decreasing during last 3 years- as reported by any medium	Increase=(-)250; decrease=200	Increase=(-)250; decrease=200		Increase=(-)250; decrease=200	Increase=(-)350; decrease=200
	Are there cases of eve teasing reported by people	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200
	Are these cases of eve teasing increasing or decreasing during last 3 yaers-as reported by any medium	Increase=(-)250; decrease=200	Increase=(-)250; decrease=200	Increase=(-)250; decrease=200	Increase=(-)250; decrease=200	Increase=(-)400; decrease=200
	Number of cases of rape with women and girls	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)100 each 1 higher; >5=(-)200 each one higher	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)100 each 1 higher; >5=(-)200 each one higher	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)100 each 1 higher; >5=(-)200 each one higher	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)100 each 1 higher; >5=(-)200 each one higher	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)100 each 1 higher; >5=(-)200 each one higher

Are cases of rapes as above increasing or decreasing during last 3 years	increasing=(-)100 each % higher; 100 each % lower	increasing=(-)100 each % higher; 100 each % lower	increasing=(-)100 each % higher; 100 each % lower	increasing=(-)100 each % higher; 100 each % lower	increasing=(-)500 each % higher; 100 each % lower
Number of cases of rape with minor girls and kids	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)250 each 1 higher; >5=(-)400 each one higher	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)250 each 1 higher; >5=(-)400 each one higher	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)250 each 1 higher; >5=(-)400 each one higher	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)250 each 1 higher; >5=(-)400 each one higher	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)250 each 1 higher; >5=(-)400 each one higher
Are cases of rapes as above increasing or decreasing during last 3 years	increasing=(-)200 each % higher; 200 each % lower	increasing=(-)200 each % higher; 200 each % lower	increasing=(-)200 each % higher; 200 each % lower	increasing=(-)200 each % higher; 200 each % lower	increasing=(-)500 each % higher; 200 each % lower
Number of cases of rape with male child	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)100 each 1 higher; >5=(-)200 each one higher	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)100 each 1 higher; >5=(-)200 each one higher	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)100 each 1 higher; >5=(-)200 each one higher	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)100 each 1 higher; >5=(-)200 each one higher	0=400; 1-5 per million population=(-)100 each 1 higher; >5=(-)200 each one higher
Are cases of rapes as above increasing or decreasing during last 3 years	increasing=(-)100 each % higher; 100 each % lower	increasing=(-)100 each % higher; 100 each % lower	increasing=(-)100 each % higher; 100 each % lower	increasing=(-)100 each % higher; 100 each % lower	increasing=(-)500 each % higher; 100 each % lower
% cases of road accident in which the victim reached hospital within 45 minutes	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower		100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower
% cases of other public accident the victim reached hospital within 45 minutes	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower		100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower
% cases of accidents within city when medical help reached in 30 minutes to victims	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower		100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower
% cases of accidents within city when government responsible department (police etc) help reached in 30 minutes to victims	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower			100%=400; 99-80%=400-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower
% cases of light crimes in which government resposible department help reached to victim in 30 minutes	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower			100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower
% cases of serious and major crimes in which government resposible department help reached to victim in 30 minutes	100%=400; 99-80%=400-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)400-10 each % lower	100%=400; 99-80%=400-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)400-10 each % lower			100%=400; 99-80%=400-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)400-10 each % lower
Number of social organizations working for social harmony					

% of such social organizations presenting their activities and objectives on public domain	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower		100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower
% of such organizations presenting their achievements on public domain	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower	100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower		100%=250; 99-80%=250-10 each% lower; <80%=(-)250-10 each % lower
Number of light crimes cases involving same people	100%=(-)250; 99-50%=(-)250+5 each% lower; <50%=2 each % less	100%=(-)250; 99-50%=(-)250+5 each% lower; <50%=2 each % less	100%=(-)250; 99-50%=(-)250+5 each% lower; <50%=2 each % less	100%=(-)250; 99-50%=(-)250+5 each% lower; <50%=2 each % less	100%=(-)500; 99-50%=(-)500+5 each% lower; <50%=(-)250+10 each % less
Number of crimes like rape , murder , kidnapping involving same people	100%=(-)400; 99-50%=400-5 each% lower; <50%=(-)150+5 each % less	100%=(-)400; 99-50%=400-5 each% lower; <50%=(-)150+5 each % less	100%=(-)400; 99-50%=400-5 each% lower; <50%=(-)150+5 each % less	100%=(-)400; 99-50%=400-5 each% lower; <50%=(-)150+5 each % less	100%=(-)750; 99-50%=750-5 each% lower; <50%=(-)500+10 each % less
Number of cases of vehicle theft, house robbery , cheating involving same people	100%=(-)250; 99-50%=(-)250+5 each% lower; <50%=2 each % less	100%=(-)250; 99-50%=(-)250+5 each% lower; <50%=2 each % less	100%=(-)250; 99-50%=(-)250+5 each% lower; <50%=2 each % less	100%=(-)250; 99-50%=(-)250+5 each% lower; <50%=2 each % less	100%=(-)250; 99-50%=(-)250+5 each% lower; <50%=2 each % less
Are above cases increasing (if FIR system easy access) If FIR not easy access, (multiply crime figures by 10 times)	Yes=(-)250; No=200 (-)500	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200 (-)500	Yes=(-)250; No=200 (-)500	Yes=(-)250; No=200 (-)500
Number of preachers(guru,mahant, molvi,maulana, priest etc) in the society, social and religious assessed based upon their claimed followers: on1000000 people	<1=100; 1to5=(-)100 each one more; >5=(-)500+(-)150 each one more	<1=100; 1to5=(-)100 each one more; >5=(-)500+(-)150 each one more	<1=100; 1to5=(-)200 each one more; >5=(-)1000+(-)150 each one more		<1=100; 1to5=(-)100 each one more; >5=(-)500+(-)150 each one more
Do preachers exist in all groups of people (religion, region, caste)	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200		Yes=(-)250; No=200
Are number of preachers increasing or decreasing during last three years	increasing=(-)250; decreasing=200	increasing=(-)250; decreasing=200	increasing=(-)250; decreasing=200		increasing=(-)250; decreasing=200
In 24 hrs how much time people are exposed to such preaching direct or indirect- average over a month Man hour consumed in such preaching average per day taken over a period of 30 days- including direct or indirect contact	<1hr=150; 1to4 hr=(-)50 each hr more; >4hr=(-)200+(-)100 each hr more	<1hr=150; 1to4 hr=(-)50 each hr more; >4hr=(-)200+(-)100 each hr more	<1hr=150; 1to4 hr=(-)50 each hr more; >4hr=(-)200+(-)100 each hr more		<1hr=150; 1to4 hr=(-)50 each hr more; >4hr=(-)200+(-)100 each hr more
Do the number of people attending such preaches address, assembly increasing or decreasing	increasing=(-)250; decreasing=200	increasing=(-)250; decreasing=200	increasing=(-)250; decreasing=200		increasing=(-)250; decreasing=200
Are there road rage cases – Number of cases per 1000km road length per month					
Do the cases of road rage caused casualities/ deaths	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)400; No=200
Do the cases of road rage caused deaths from other reasons than accident	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)400; No=200
Do the people put their garbage in public places	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200
Do the people put their garbage in others space/area not meant for garbage disposal	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200	Yes=(-)250; No=200